Smarter technology for all

Servicing the ThinkSystem N1380 Neptune enclosure and SC750 V4 Neptune node

ES72694 March 2025

Prerequisites

- ES42692 Intel Xeon processor architecture for ThinkSystem V4 servers
- ES52678 ThinkSystem tools for the ThinkSystem V4 platform
- ES41759C –ThinkSystem problem determination
- ES51757B Introducing ThinkSystem tools
- ES52374 ThinkSystem tools for the ThinkSystem V3 platform
- ES42714 Servicing Neptune Liquid Cooling systems



Objectives

After completing the course, you will be able to:

- Describe the features and specifications of the ThinkSystem N1380 Neptune enclosure and the SC750 V4 Neptune node
- Identify the components of the ThinkSystem N1380 Neptune enclosure and the SC750 V4 Neptune node
- Describe the features and functions of the SMM3
- Describe the specific problem determination steps and explain how to troubleshoot issues with the ThinkSystem N1380 Neptune enclosure and the SC750 V4 Neptune node



ThinkSystem N1380 Neptune enclosure product overview

Product description and front, rear, and inside views

ThinkSystem N1380 Neptune enclosure overview

The 13U ThinkSystem N1380 Neptune enclosure (machine type: 7DDH) is a new generation of Lenovo Neptune™ Direct Water Cooling (DWC) chassis. It is designed to provide greater power capacities and water flow rates to support more powerful CPUs and GPUs in ThinkSystem Neptune V4 servers. (The only supported server currently available is the ThinkSystem SC750 V4 Neptune, which does not support GPUs. Other servers with GPU support are due to be launched in 2025.)

Each N1380 Neptune houses up to eight vertically installed ThinkSystem SC-Series Neptune trays. In the older DW612S DWC enclosure, DWC trays are installed horizontally.





Features and specifications

Features	Descriptions
Form factor	13U chassis designed for 19-inch rack cabinets Up to three chassis per rack
Technology	Compatible with the ThinkSystem SC-Series (the only supported server currently available is the ThinkSystem SC750 V4 Neptune) Support for general purpose and acceleration compute technologies from Intel, AMD, and NVIDIA
Power management	Advanced power monitoring, management, and power capping capabilities via Lenovo XClarity Energy Manager (LXEM) or Confluent open-source software, paired with Energy Aware Runtime (EAR) for energy optimization
System management	In-chassis SMM3 which supports daisy chaining and BMC pass-through and which integrates with XCC and Confluent
Front access	Compute trays Cable Management
Rear access	Water connection, power supply, and SMM3 Two RJ45 connectors on the SMM for XCC with daisy chain support, USB Type A for SMM FFDC log collection

Lenovo

Note: For the latest specifications, refer to the ThinkSystem N1380 product guide on Lenovo Press

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Power supply	Up to four hot-swap 15 kW Titanium power conversion stations (PCS) with fully balanced phases, N+1 redundancy Each PCS provides a 32 A, 380-480 V, 3-Phase IEC 60309 3P+N+E IP67 connection to data center power or two PCSs can share a 63 A, 380-480V, 3-Phase IEC 60309 3P+N+E IP67 connection to data center power
Cooling design	Direct water cooling takes place at the heat source with treated clean water supporting inlet temperature from dew point to up to 45°C. Servers are connected through blind mate quick connects to the manifold in the enclosure. Each enclosure provides an inlet and an outlet connection with dual-interlock FD83 ball valves.

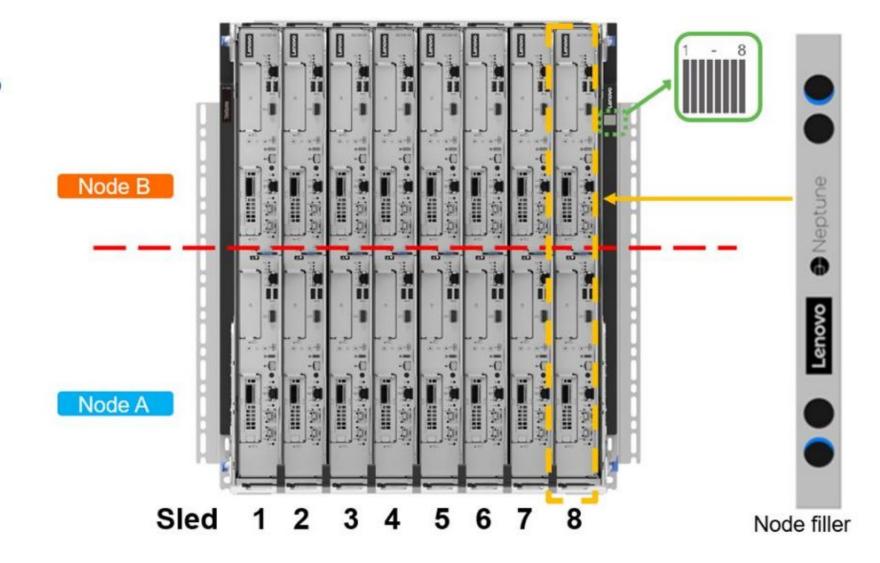


Note: For the latest specifications, refer to the ThinkSystem N1380 product guide on Lenovo Press

ThinkSystem N1380 Neptune enclosure front view

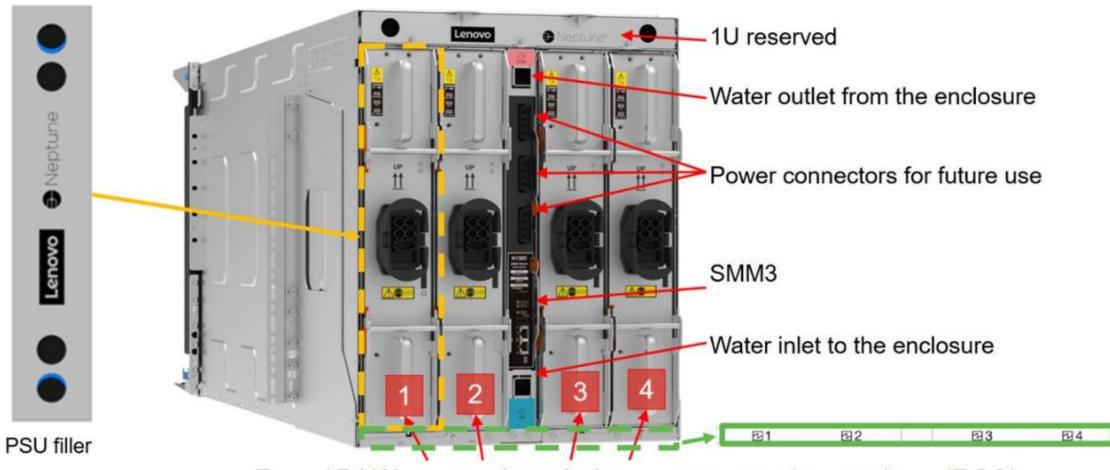
Front Side:

- Eight vertical 13U trays
 - Each tray contains two nodes
- Front side access





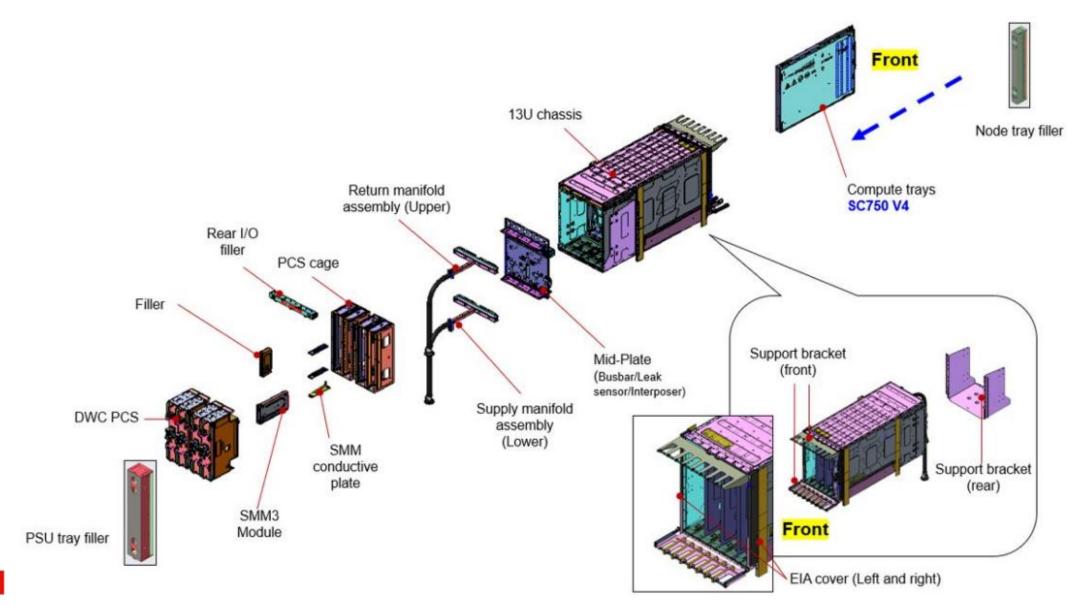
ThinkSystem N1380 Neptune enclosure rear view



Four 15 kW watered-cooled power conversion stations (PCS)

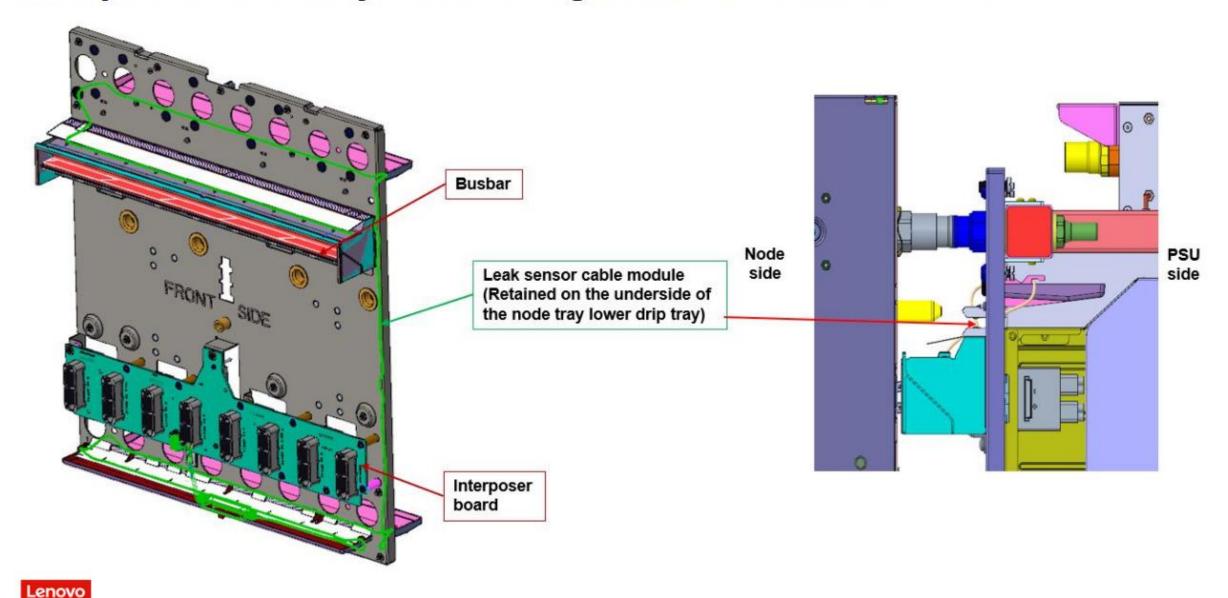


ThinkSystem N1380 Neptune enclosure inside view

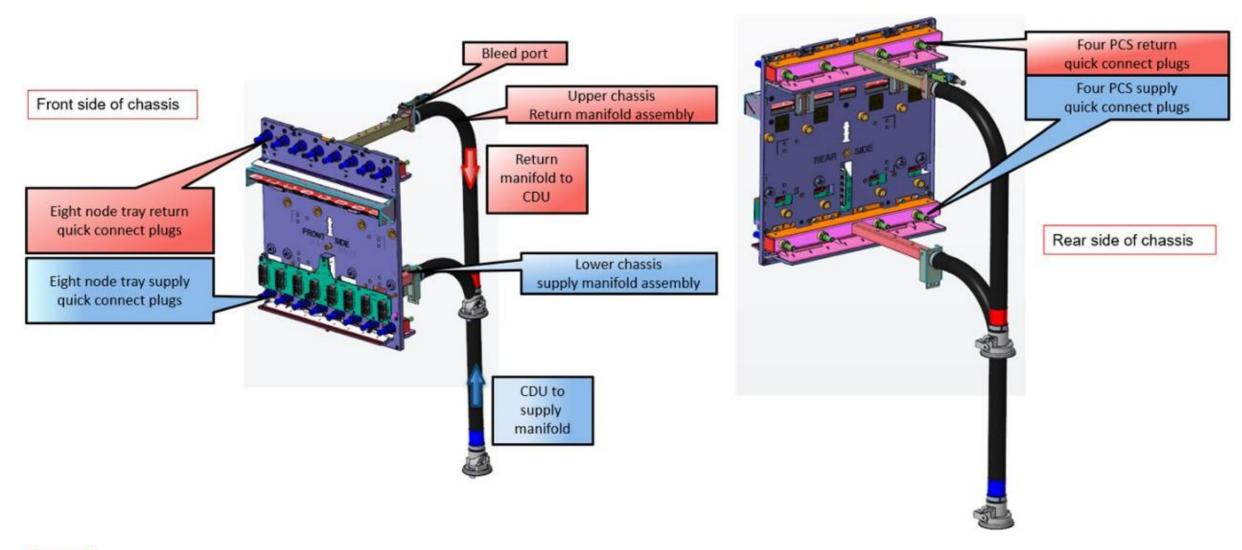




Mid-plate assembly and leakage sensor cable module

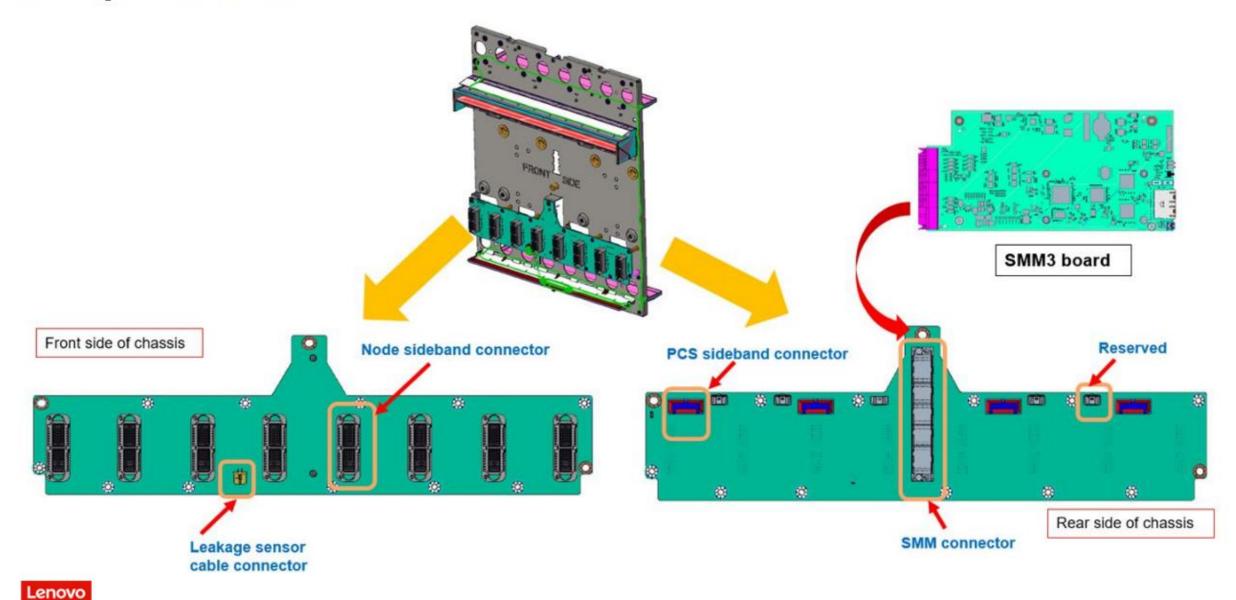


Mid-plate assembly and chassis manifolds

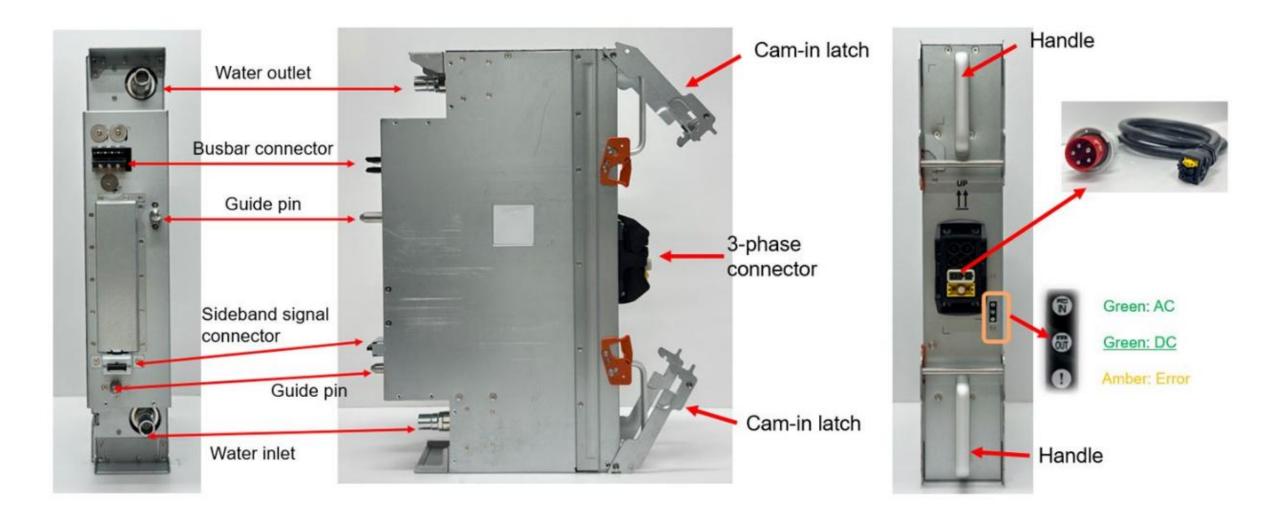




Interposer board



Power conversion station (PCS)

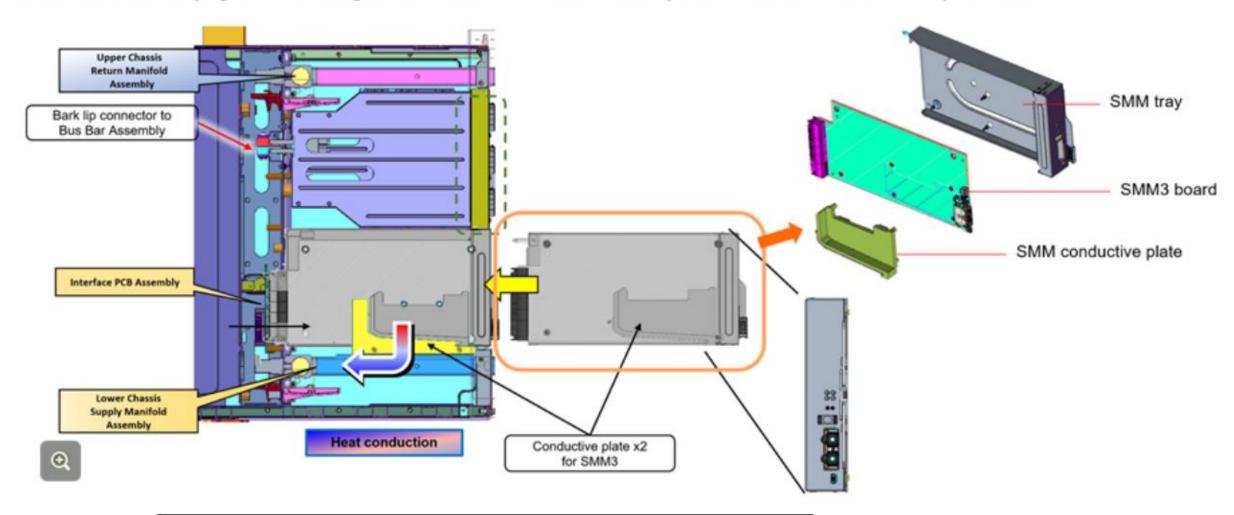




Note: Each PCS weighs 23 kg. For your safety, use a lift tool to remove a PCS from an enclosure.

SMM3 cooling

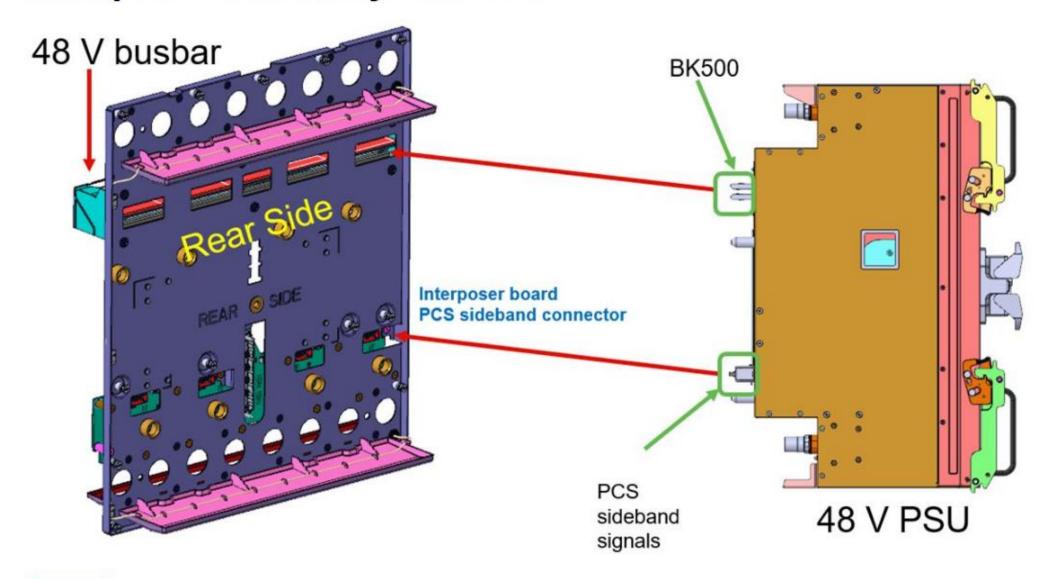
The water loop goes through the SMM3 conductive plates to cool the components.





Note: In the DW612S, only air cooling was supported for the SMM2.

Mid-plate assembly and PCS





Power policies and power output

Four DWC PCSs can be configured in accordance with the following power policies: N+0, N+1, N+N with OVS (oversubscription). OVS allows for a more efficient use of the available system power. For more information, refer to the Power policies and power output section of the ThinkSystem SC750 V4 Neptune product guide on Lenovo Press.

Power policies and power output

The following table lists the enclosure power capacity based on the power policy and the number of power modules installed.

Table 16. Power capacity based on power policy selected

	No redundancy (N+0)		N+N redundancy		N+1 redundancy	
Number of PCS units in Nominal State	N+0 Policy (Note 1)	Chassis capacity (DC)	N+N Policy (Notes 2,4,5)	Chassis capacity (DC)	N+1 Policy (Notes 3,4,5)	Chassis capacity (DC)
1	1+0	15 KW		-	*:	-
2	2+0	30 KW	Use 1+1 inst	ead →	1+1	18 KW (15 KW)*
3	3+0	45 KW	-	•	2+1	36 KW (30 KW)*
4	4+0	(Note 6)	2+2	36 KW (30 KW)*	3+1	54 KW (45 KW)*

^{*} The numbers in parentheses are the chassis power capacity if no throttling is required when the redundancy is degraded (e.g. 3+1 and 1 PSU fails)

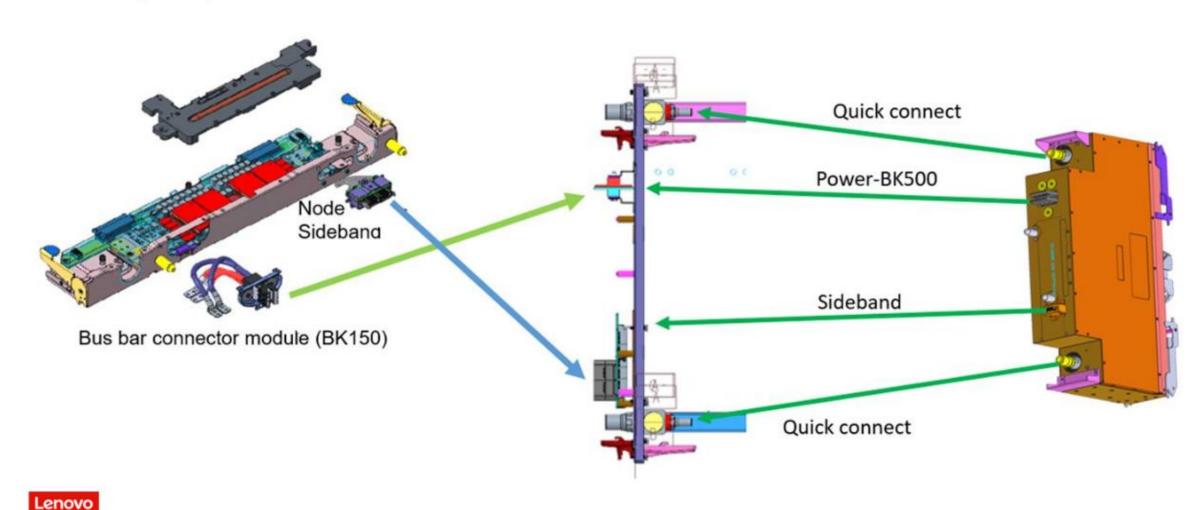
Notes in the table:

- N+1+OVS (oversubscription) is the default if >1 PSU is installed. N+0 is the default with 1 PSU installed.
- 2. If N+N is selected and there is an AC domain fault (2 PSUs go down), the power capacity is reduced to the value shown in parentheses within 1 second. Example: If 2+2 policy is selected & all 4 PSUs are operational, the power capacity is 36KWDC. If an AC domain fault (2 PSUs go down, and the power is reduced to 30KW within 1 second
- 3. If N+1 is selected and there is a PSU fault, the power capacity is reduced to <= 45KW within 1 second. Example: If 3+1 policy is selected & all 4 PSUs are operational, the power capacity is 54KWDC. If a PSU faults, the power is reduced to <= 45KW within 1 second. Example: If 3+1 policy is selected & all 4 PSUs are operational, the power capacity is 54KWDC. If a PSU faults, the power capacity is reduced to <= 45KW within 1 second. Example: If 3+1 policy is selected & all 4 PSUs are operational, the power capacity is 74KWDC. If a PSU faults, the power capacity is 74KWDC. If a PSU f
- 4. If the chassis is in the degraded redundancy state, due to 1 or more PSU failts, and an additional PSU failts, the chassis will attempt to stay alive by hard-throttling the trays (via PROCHOT# & PWRBRK#), but there is no guarantee. There is risk that the chassis could power off if the PSU rating is exceeded
- 5. For the redundant power policies, only OVS modes are selectable in SMM (ie. OVS is always enabled). When a user creates a hardware config in DCSC, a chassis max power estimate is completed, via an LCP API call. If the chassis DC max power is in between the chassis degraded power capacity shown in parentheses and the chassis normal power capacity, a warning is displayed stating that the server could be throttled if a PSU fails. If the customer doesn't want potential throttling, they either need to reduce their config or select a different combo of PSUs/policy to achieve a higher power budget
- 6. Possible future feature

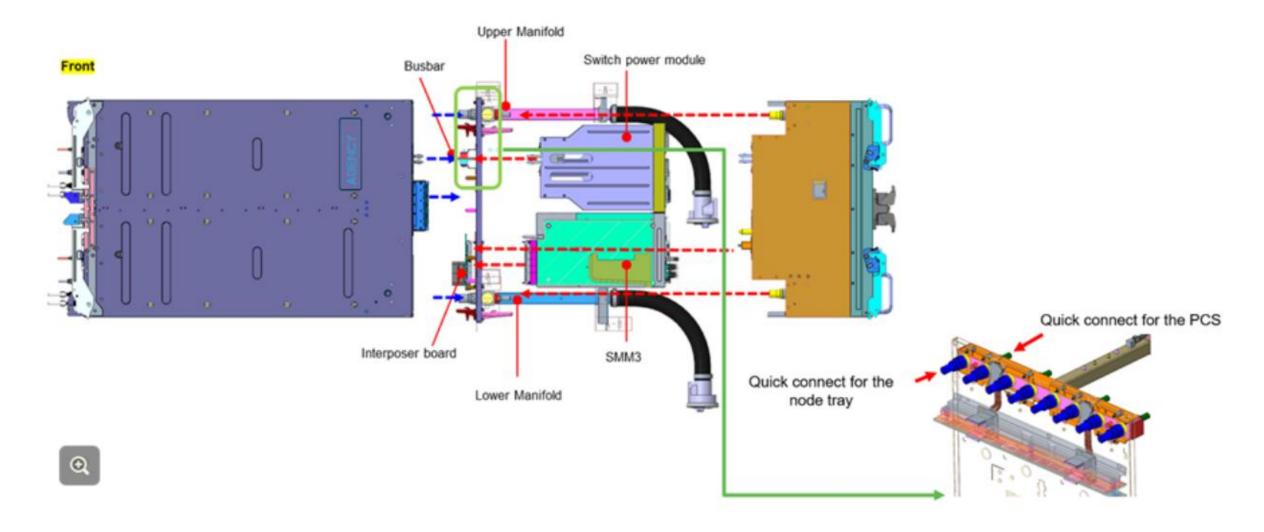


Floating connections

Floating connections are designed to protect board-to-board (B2B) connectors, which can be damaged by shocks and vibrations.



Node tray connection side view





DW612S and N1380 feature comparison

	DW612S	N1380	
Power supply	12 V	48 V	
Max power	23 kW with 8+1/OVS	54 kW with 3+1/OVS	
Power delivery (output)	Midplane (PCBA)	Busbar	
Power delivery (input)	200~240 VAC With external PDU	3-phase 200 ~ 480 VAC PCS with integrated PDU	
Operating water temperature	45°C (113°F)	45°C (113°F)	
System management	SMM2 (12 nodes and nine PSUs), air cooling	SMM3 (32 nodes and four PCSs), water cooling	
Manifold	Separated manifold for nodes and PSUs	 One manifold per chassis for both nodes and PCSs SMM3 with water cooling to contact the inlet manifold 	
Leakage detection	Yes	Yes	
Size and weight	• 6U	• 13U	



DW612S and N1380 feature comparison

	DW612S	N1380		
	With external PDU			
Operating water 45°C (113°F) temperature		45°C (113°F)		
System management SMM2 (12 nodes and nine PSUs), air cooling		SMM3 (32 nodes and four PCSs), water cooling		
Manifold Separated manifold for nodes and PSUs		 One manifold per chassis for both nodes and PCSs SMM3 with water cooling to contact the inlet manifold 		
Leakage detection	Yes	Yes		
Size and weight	 6U Six horizontal trays 108 cm³ (92*45*26.2) 220 kg, 485 lb 	 13U Eight vertical trays 261 cm³ (111*45*57) 476 kg, 1050 lb 		
Innovation		Floating connection on sideband, power connector to protect the B2B connector from damage due to shocks and vibrations		

