PMU CLI tool

The HS350X V3 command line interface tool

PMU overview

The HS350X V3 does not support OneCLI and instead uses PMU (Platform management utility) CLI. PMU can be used to perform various server management actions, including:

- Display inventory information
- Configure the server
- Collect service data
- Update firmware
- Power actions

PMU supports both out-of-band (OOB) and in-band mode. PMU is only supported in a Linux environment.



How to run PMU

To use PMU, work through the following steps:

- Obtain the PMU zip file (a tar.gz file) from <u>support.Lenovo.com</u> and save it on a Linux system.
- Move the tar.gz file to the desired directory, and then decompress it by running the following shell command: tar -zxvf < PMU tar.gz filename>
 Example: tar -zxvf PMU 1.02 20230901.tar.gz
- Run the . / PMU command to display all the PMU command options.

PMU help command

Use the ./PMU help command to display available PMU usages. In this screenshot, you can see the four PMU applications: config, inventory, update, and misc.

```
root@zjx:/home/zjx/PMU# ./PMU --help
usage: PMU [-h] [--version] {config,inventory,update,misc} ...
optional arguments:
 --version show program's version number and exit
application:
 {config, inventory, update, misc}
                    application help
   config
                    Create/Modify/View the current system settings.
   inventory
                    Acquire system information.
   update
                    Update firmware
   misc
                    misc command
root(dz]x:/nome/z]x/PMU#
```



PMU command syntax construction

PMU command line syntax is similar to OneCLI syntax, and you can see its construction below.

```
./PMU <application> <application's command> <command's option> <optional variable for parameter> <optional BMC username, password, and IP address if you are using OOB mode>
```

Example:

To obtain hardware and software information (system overview) for the target system, use the following command:

```
./PMU inventory getinfor --device system_overview --bmc admin:Passw0rd@10.50.105.150
```



Click the buttons to see the syntax and output of selected PMU commands.

Check system health

Collect service data

Update firmware

Display UEFI settings

Modify UEFI settings

Use the following command to check system health status:

Syntax:

```
./PMU misc syshealth --bmc < BMC account>:< BMC password>@ < BMC IP address>
```

Example:

```
./PMU misc syshealth --bmc admin:aZ!123456@10.50.10.150
```

Command output



Click the buttons to see the syntax and output of selected PMU commands.

Check system health

Use the following command to collect service data for problem escalation:

2023-08-31 14:18:02 Start to save log to file...

Syntax:

```
./PMU misc ffdc -file <filename>
```

Collect service data

Example:

```
./PMU misc ffdc --file ffdclog.tar
```

Update firmware

Command output

Display UEFI settings

```
2023-08-31 14:17:04 Start to get ffdc log, please wait a few minutes...
2023-08-31 14:18:02 End
```

Modify UEFI settings

```
"State": "Success",
"Message": [
```

2023-08-31 14:18:02 End

```
"Collected data is saved to file: ffdclog.tar"
```





Click the buttons to see the syntax and output of selected PMU commands.

Check system health

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Display UEFI settings

Modify UEFI settings

Use the following command to update system firmware:

Syntax:

```
./PMU update flash --dir ./package --forceid <firmware filename> --
type <firmware type> --preserve --bmc <BMC account>:<BMC
password>@<BMC IP address>
```

The firmware types are UEFI, BMC, and CPLD. Click the following links to see examples:

Update UEFI firmware
Update BMC firmware
Update CPLD firmware

<u>Update CPLD firmware</u> (which includes system board CPLD, DC-SCM CPLD, and backplane CPLD)



Click the buttons to see the syntax and output of selected PMU commands.

Check system health

Collect service data

Update firmware

Display UEFI settings

Modify UEFI settings

Use the following command to display UEFI settings:

```
Syntax:
```

```
./PMU config show UEFI --bmc < BMC account>: < BMC password>@ < BMC IP address>
Example:
./PMU config show UEFI --bmc admin:aZ!123456@10.50.10.150
Command output
    "State": "Success",
    "Message": [
            "ACPI004 (Enable ACPI Auto Configuration)": false,
            "ACPIPB (Power Button)": "Unlock",
            "ACPIPD (Power Delay Button)": "Enable",
            "ACPIPRM(PSU Redundant Mode)": "Auto mode",
            "ACPIWOLS (Wake On Lan Support)": "Disable",
            "BootMode (Boot Mode Select)": "UEFI",
            "BootPerfMode (Boot performance mode) ": "Max Performance",
            "C1E(Enhanced Halt State (C1E))": "Enable",
```



Click the buttons to see the syntax and output of selected PMU commands.

Check system health

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Display UEFI settings

Modify UEFI settings

Use the following command to modify UEFI settings:

Syntax:

```
./PMU config set <UEFI option> <option value> --bmc <BMC account>:<BMC password>@<BMC IP address>
```

Example:

```
./PMU config set BootMode UEFI --bmc admin:aZ!123456@10.50.10.150
```

Command output

```
"State": "Success",
"Message": [
"BootMode set Successful"
]
```



Reference

For more information about PMU command line syntax and usages, refer to the Lenovo PMU User Guide on support.Lenovo.com.



